





**Quincy Marble**  
Established  
We respectfully  
**ARTISTIC AND**  
finished and ready for sale at the  
**TABLETS**  
ished Quincy C  
aining in this stock (which can be  
as, we desire to reduce the stock  
amples of all the latest production  
stantly produced, which the p  
**McGRATH**  
AND WAREHOUSES AT QUINCY  
March 1st.



















**COUNTRY AND CITY PROPERTY** Sold, Exchanged and Leased: Rents and Claims Collected; Mortgages Negotiated; Titles Examined. Correspondence solicited.

**HAS. LETTS, Real Estate Agent,**  
24 Tremont Row, Room 4, BOSTON, Mass.

46 51

to  
rge  
rel  
to  
dy.



VOL. 12.

**The Weymouth**  
PUBLISHED BY  
C. G. EASTER.  
EVERY FRIDAY MORNING,  
MASS.  
Terms: (Two Dollars a Year  
in Advance.)  
(Single Copy, Five Cents.)  
Orders for all kinds of Printing  
attended to, and neatly executed.

**Business**

**FRANK W.**  
Attorney and Counselor  
WEYMOUTH

**HAY and ST**  
Bundle Hay and  
FOR SALE  
**JOS. LOUD**  
WEYMOUTH LA

**C. S. WILL**  
**Stock B**  
**U. S. SECURITIES,**  
**BONDS**  
BOUGHT and sold on commission  
in New York and San Francisco. Also  
Stocks and Bonds purchased by  
Basement Old Store  
HO-STO

**W. K. BAKER**  
—DEALER IN—  
**GRAIN, MEAL,**  
**HAY, ST**  
CONSTANTLY on hand,  
wholesale and retail, at Low  
Also, MINERAL SALT FOR LIME  
**BAKER'S EX**  
We

**Don't For**  
**B. F. G**  
**HAIR DRES**  
JACKSON SQUARE,

**W. I. JOR**  
RESPECTFULLY informs  
that he has established himself  
**JEAN HUBERT**  
**SHAW ST., EAST B**  
where he is prepared to fill all orders for  
**BLACKSMITH, W**  
**SHOEING, CARRIA**  
etc. A share of public patronage  
satisfaction guaranteed.

*Henry L. Th*  
**LIVERY, BOARDING**  
**STABLE**  
Washington Square,  
27 dm

**JOSEPH SHEP**  
DEALER IN  
**COA**  
**WOOD**  
**LIME, CEM**  
**BUNDLE HAY &**  
**Flour, Grain**  
**BRICK, LATHS, HAIR**  
Wood Sawn for \$1.5  
Also, AGENT for several FIRE  
COMPANIES, both STOCK AND  
FIRE COMPANY  
OFFICE, WHARF AND EAST  
**EAST WEYM**

**GEO. W. H**  
**Painter and**  
AND DEALER IN  
Paints, Oil, Glass, Varnish,  
Shrp in Geo. S. Baker's building  
of Richmond Street  
*Weymouth La*

**WEYMOUTH & B**  
**Mutual Fire Insur**  
OF WEYMOUTH  
Insures Dwellings, and  
not extra Hazard  
and their contents, at as low rates, as  
liable Company  
Amount at Risk, April 1, 1877,  
Amount of Assets, " " "  
N. L. W  
ELIAS RICHARDS, SECRETARY

**VIOL**  
**MADE AND REPA**  
**ISRAEL A. D**  
LINCOLN SQUARE  
**WEYMOUTH LA**

**CHARLES Q. T**  
Attorney and Counselor  
OFFICE 20 COURT ST., ROOM  
Prompt and careful attention paid  
legal business.

**M. FRENCH**  
DEALER IN  
**STOVES, RANG**  
**SWEEPERS,**  
**TIN ROOFING AND JOBBING**  
**Clothes Wringers &**  
COMMERCIAL SQUARE.



# Weymouth Gazette.

## BRAINTREE REPORTER.

VOL. 12.

WEYMOUTH, MASS., FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1879.

NO. 51.

The Weymouth Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY  
C. G. EASTERBROOK,  
EVERY FRIDAY MORNING, AT WEYMOUTH,  
MASS.

Terms: Two Dollars a Year, in advance.  
(Single Copy, Five Cents.)  
Orders for all kinds of Printing will receive prompt  
attention, and be neatly and correctly executed.

### Business Cards.

**FRANK W. LEWIS,**  
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,  
WEYMOUTH, Mass.

**HAY and STRAW!**  
Bundle Hay and Straw  
FOR SALE BY  
**JOS. LOUD & CO.,**  
WEYMOUTH LANDING

**C. S. WILLIAMS,**  
Stock Broker.

**U. S. SECURITIES, STOCKS & BONDS**  
Bought and sold on commission, in London, New  
York and San Francisco. Money advanced on  
Stocks and Bonds purchased by us.  
Basement Old State House,  
BOSTON, 191 ft.

**W. K. BAKER & SON,**  
DEALERS IN—  
**GRAIN, MEAL,**  
**HAY, STRAW, &c.**  
Constantly on hand, and FOR SALE  
wholesale and retail, at Lowest Cash Prices.  
Also, MEYER'S CALF BRAND, and  
**BAKER'S EXPRESS,**  
Weymouth Landing.

**Don't Forget**  
**B. F. Godwin,**  
HAIR DRESSER,  
JACKSON SQUARE, EAST WEYMOUTH,  
27th.

**W. I. JORDAN**  
RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he  
has established a business at  
**NEW HOBBS' MILLS,**  
SHAW ST., EAST BRAINTREE,  
where he is prepared to fill all orders for  
**BLACKSMITH WORK, HORSE**  
**SHOEING, CARriage WORK,**  
&c. A share of public patronage is solicited and  
satisfaction guaranteed.

**Henry L. Thayer,**  
LIVERY, BOARDING & BAITING  
STABLE,  
Washington Square, WEYMOUTH,  
27th.

**JOSEPH SHERMAN,**  
DEALER IN  
**COAL,**  
**WOOD,**  
**LINE, CEMENT,**  
**BUNDLE HAY & STRAW**  
**Flour, Grain, Feed,**  
**BRICK, LATH, HAIR, Sand, etc.**  
Wood Sawed for \$1.50 per Cord.  
Also, AGENT for several FIRE INSURANCE  
COMPANIES, both STOCK AND MUTUAL.

**GEO. W. HERSEY**  
Painter and Glazier,  
Paints, Oil, Glass, Varnish, Putty, Glue.  
Shop in Geo. S. Baker's building, near the corner  
of Exchange and State Streets.

**Weymouth Landing.**  
**WEYMOUTH & BRAINTREE**  
**Mutual Fire Insurance Co.**  
OF WEYMOUTH.  
Insures Dwellings, and other Buildings  
not extra Hazardous.  
Amount at Risk, April 1, 1877, \$1,813,574.00  
Amount of Assets, " " 85,020.00  
N. L. WHITE, President.  
ELIAS RICHARDS, Secretary.

**VIOLINS**  
MADE AND REPAIRED BY  
**ISRAEL A. DAILEY,**  
LINCOLN SQUARE,  
WEYMOUTH LANDING.

**CHARLES Q. TIRRELL,**  
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,  
OFFICE 20 COURT ST., ROOM 14, BOSTON.  
Prompt and careful attention paid to any kind of  
legal business.

**M. FRENCH, Jr.,**  
DEALER IN  
**STOVES, RANGES, CARPET**  
**SWEEEPERS, Etc.**  
TIN ROOFING AND JOBBING DONE TO ORDER.  
COMMERCIAL SQUARE, EAST WEYMOUTH,  
27th.

**412 Washington Street.**

**NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!**

**Spring Styles of Gentlemen's Dress Hats,**  
**Young Gents' Stiff and Soft Hats.**  
One of the Best Assortments ever before offered.

**TURBAN AND INDIA SMOKING CAPS.**

**Boys' Hats, Boys' Turban and Cadet Caps,**  
Fine Silk, Alpaca and Scotch Gingham Umbrellas.

Every article **WARRANTED** to be as represented.

**JOSEPH A. JACKSON,** 412 Washington St.,  
BOSTON.

**STOP! READ!**

THEN COME WHERE  
**HARD TIMES PRICES**  
**RULE THE DAY!**

I have the pleasure of announcing to my friends  
and the public generally, that I have taken  
The Rooms opposite the Universal  
and Catholic Churches,  
**WEYMOUTH LANDING,**  
for the purpose of carrying on the

**RETAIL JEWELRY**  
**BUSINESS.**

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES, MAKING SPECIAL-  
TIES OF  
**REPAIRS ON WATCHES,**  
English, French, German and  
**AMERICAN CLOCKS,**  
Also JEWELRY of all descriptions.

**FANS, SUN SHADES,**  
**FANCY ARTICLES, &c.**  
SCISSORS sharpened and repaired.  
SPECTACLES and EYE GLASSES repaired in a  
neat and substantial manner. All  
NEW LEASES run in old frames, and warranted  
SILVER WARE cleaned and repaired.

Also, A FULL STOCK OF  
**SOLID SILVER WARE,**  
PLATED WARE, of the Celebrated Rogers  
Manufacture.

American and Swiss Watches, Chains, Charms,  
Lockets, &c. French Pins, Collar  
Buttons, Studs, Rings, La-  
zuli and Pearl Bracelets, Ear  
Jewels, Brackets, Neck Chains, Plain and Stone Rings.  
All the new styles of  
**WEIGHT AND SPRING CLOCKS.**

**MAGIC SILVER POLISH**  
is the best for silver ware.  
**WINDOW POLISH**, an article for cleaning  
glass, brass, copper, iron, tin, and  
all kinds of metal, and preventing  
rust, and from frosting.

For 15 years, I was connected with Mr. A. P.  
TRISTAN, Watch Maker and Jeweler, and during  
that time I acquired extensive practical expe-  
rience, and moderate expenses will enable me to  
sell GOODS AND LABOR, at less than the market.

There was not time for letters to reach  
those who had been invited, in season  
to notify them that the wedding would  
not take place; they must be notified by  
telegraph. There was no telegraph  
office in Mapleton, the nearest being ten  
miles distant, and Mr. Elmesmere had  
only decreed the task of writing so many  
messages, but he did not feel equal to  
the exertion of riding twenty miles; and  
seeing Atherton on the lawn, he called  
him into the house, and said:

"This unexpected turn of affairs im-  
poses upon me some very disagreeable  
duties. May I ask you to relieve me of  
a portion of them?"

Fred Atherton was delighted to have  
an opportunity to serve his host, and  
pleased to be regarded by him suffi-  
ciently a friend to be permitted to share  
his troubles and perplexities; and he  
replied that he would be happy to do  
anything in his power to serve him. In  
a few minutes he was seated in the  
library and writing, from Mr. Elmes-  
mere's dictation, a list of names. He  
received from him, also, the message of  
which, on arrival at the telegraph office,  
he was to make several copies, and then  
he started on his ride.

Maud was thus relieved of the pres-  
ence of guests on what was to have been  
her wedding day, and escaped the pain  
of having to tell a host of enquiring  
friends the story of the deception and  
crime of the one whom she was to have  
married. Fred Atherton wrote letters  
to all to whom he had sent telegrams,  
merely stating that Mr. Halstead was  
very unexpectedly called away, and that  
Miss Elmesmere's wedding was post-  
poned.

Maud was told by her father of the  
services Atherton rendered; she could  
not but observe that, though he did not  
speak of it, he deeply sympathized with  
her; and she appreciated, not only his  
silence on the subject of her marriage,  
but his unobtrusive endeavors,  
when they met at their meals, to make  
her father and herself forget the unplea-  
sant affair. She had liked him very  
much from the commencement of their  
acquaintance, and he would have been  
agreeably surprised could he have known  
how favorably she regarded him, even  
while she was engaged to marry  
Elvin Halstead.

But she did not retain her cheerfulness.  
She became thin and pale and  
low-spirited, and finally her father de-  
cided that she needed a change of scene  
and proposed that she and Mrs. Percy  
should start for Europe. Maud was  
pleased with the proposition, but de-  
clined to cross the ocean with no com-  
panion but her grandmother. Her fa-  
ther could not go with them without  
closing his factory, and he would not do  
that, for there were so many people  
dependent upon their work there for a  
living, and finally he proposed to Fred  
Atherton to accompany them: a propo-  
sition that Maud heartily endorsed, at  
the same time saying that she feared  
that it was too much to ask of him.

Atherton, who would willingly have  
gone to the North Pole or to the Desert

of Sahara at her request, could not find  
words to express his willingness to serve  
her in any way; and when she said to  
her father, in his presence, "It will  
seem almost like having you with me,  
for Mr. Atherton has been with us so  
long" (she had been acquainted with  
him but a few weeks) "that he seems  
quite like an older brother," Fred was  
quite wild with joy; for although he did  
not at all desire Maud as a sister, to be  
regarded by her as a brother was cer-  
tainly better than to be looked upon as  
only a simple acquaintance connected  
by business with her father.

He went with Mrs. Percy and Maud  
to Paris, and there he left them, for  
they were to remain in Europe several  
months; and Atherton, in justice to  
those with whom he had engaged to  
build a factory at Mapleton, felt under  
obligations to return, there as soon as  
possible. But Maud was not allowed  
to forget him, for not only at her re-  
quest did he write to her frequently, but  
her father mentioned him in every one  
of his letters to her; and if one sentence  
in a letter which she received from him  
suggested nothing of very particular  
interest to herself in his mind, it cer-  
tainly showed very plainly what Mr.  
Elmesmere's thoughts and wishes were;  
for he wrote of Fred Atherton:

"Although his own business, which  
is now well established, demands a great  
deal of his time, he is of very great  
assistance to me, and is always ready to  
help me. I hardly know what I should  
do without him. I have made enquiries  
in regard to him, and have satisfied my-  
self that he is in every way worthy of  
my confidence and my esteem. Mr.  
Weston, who is, I find, a very estimable  
gentleman, and thoroughly reliable, has  
been here several times, and is well ac-  
quainted with Fred's father, who was a  
successful merchant and a man of spot-  
less integrity. Mr. Weston has been  
obliged to leave his home, and has been  
in a child and he speaks of him in the  
highest terms. Ah! Maud, how fortu-  
nate it would have been for us if he had  
not that other had come to us!"

Mr. Elmesmere had allowed his confi-  
dence to be imposed upon once; he re-  
alized how near he had been to having  
his child entirely wrecked by her union  
with a villain whom he introduced into  
his home; and although he entrusted  
Maud to the care of Fred Atherton on a  
voyage to Europe, he had satisfied him-  
self that he was at least what he  
represented himself to be.

On Atherton's account he consented  
to receive a visit from Mr. Weston; and  
although he could not immediately re-  
cognize himself to the deception to which  
Mr. Weston was a party, to the extent  
of wholly forgetting and forgiving it,  
he gradually overcame his slight feeling  
of dislike, and finally became almost as  
much pleased as Atherton was, to see  
Mr. Weston at Mapleton.

Maud had learned by letters received  
from both her father and Atherton that  
Mr. Weston frequently visited Maple-  
ton, but until she received that letter  
from her father in which he wrote so ear-  
nestly in regard to Atherton, Maud had  
not been reminded once, except by the  
mention of Mr. Weston's name, of her  
former lover. New scenes, new and  
pleasant friendships she had formed in  
his travels, had dispelled all feelings  
of annoyance and unhappiness she ever  
had suffered on his account. He had  
gone out of her life as completely as if  
he had never existed to her.

There was one change made in Maple-  
ton while Maud was away of which she  
was not informed; and yet perhaps  
neither of her correspondents could  
have told exactly why they neglected  
to write to her about it. Ethel Hal-  
stead, during her short residence in  
Mapleton, became very much attached  
to the place. She felt something more  
than friendship for Mrs. Bennett,  
to whom she made liberal gifts, to com-  
pensate her for having allowed her hus-  
band to remain under arrest, knowing  
that she was innocent. She had a very  
high regard for Mr. Elmesmere, who  
received her with kindness when she  
appeared to need assistance. She loved  
Maud, with whom she had lived as a  
servant, and by whom she was treated  
with the most gentle consideration for  
what Maud believed was her feeble state  
of health. She had heard from Mr.  
Weston that Fred Atherton loved Maud  
and was in every way worthy of her,  
and how much she suffered in seeing her  
wooed, and as he feared, by Elvin  
Halstead, and she desired to atone to  
Maud for the wrong she had done her,  
by doing everything in her power to  
make her appreciate Fred Atherton's  
devotion and his true worth, in case he  
should need any such assistance.

Ethel had, therefore, very frequently  
visited Mapleton, and when Mr. Elmes-  
mere found that she was a person of re-  
finement, a lady in the true sense of  
that often much-abused word, and not  
a woman of so little mind, culture and  
feeling that she could entertain but one  
idea, and that a wild desire for revenge;  
when he had heard her story reiterated  
and confirmed by Mr. Weston, and  
understood that the wrongs she suffered  
by one whom she devotedly loved had  
made her almost a monomaniac on the  
subject of punishing him, but also that  
she determined, from the first time she  
saw Maud, to save her, Mr. Elmesmere  
was ready to forgive the deception she  
practiced on him; and when she pro-  
posed to purchase a piece of land of  
him and to build an elegant house in  
Mapleton, he not only consented to sell  
the land, but felt pleased that his daugh-  
ter, on her return from Europe, would  
find near her home so agreeable an ac-  
quaintance.

One thing Mr. Elmesmere might have  
objected to was, having one near him of  
the name which to him had become  
detestable, to remind him constantly of  
the past that he desired to forget; but

that objection did not exist when Ethel  
decided to locate in Mapleton, for the  
name was as obnoxious to her as to any  
one; and Mr. Weston had really pro-  
cured a divorce for her on the ground of  
desertion and without publicity, know-  
ing full well that Elvin Halstead would  
never dare to contest either the applica-  
tion for a divorce or the decree granting  
it.

But though she was permitted to re-  
sume her maiden name, Ethel could not  
with any pleasure, return to West-  
minster, where she had been well known  
as Mrs. Halstead, and where every one  
who had known her supposed she was  
dead; and she decided to make for her-  
self a home in the place to which Mr.  
Weston had once sarcastically suggested  
that her husband might soon write her  
to go with him, but which, at that time  
she did not expect ever to see.

As the time approached for Maud's  
return, those in Mapleton who were  
most interested in her were, in a state  
of feverish anxiety. She had not re-  
plied to the broad insinuation of his  
wishes in regard to herself and Fred  
Atherton, which was contained in one  
of the letters from her father, and Mr.  
Elmesmere feared that the plans he had  
formed for her might fail. Fred Atherton  
did not dare to hope that, after her  
former experience, and with the greater  
knowledge of the world she had acquired  
during her travels, she would deign to  
look upon him even as a brother. And  
Ethel, who desired above everything  
else to win the regard of the beautiful  
girl for whom she had at one time en-  
tertained anything but friendly feelings,  
had many doubts whether she should  
succeed.

Mr. Weston, however, who managed  
to pass so much of his time in Mapleton  
that he might almost as well have resided  
there altogether, felt no anxiety in re-  
gard to Maud's return; for in the first  
place, he had perfect faith that she  
would eventually be married to Fred  
Atherton, as he had expected when he  
first induced him to go to Mapleton;  
and he was sure, also, that Maud would  
be pleased with Ethel when she should  
become fully acquainted with her.

But Mr. Weston had one source of  
anxiety, and that was, to know how  
much longer he must wait before he  
could speak to Ethel upon a subject  
which did not relate to his duties as  
trustee of her property. He knew that,  
although by the decree of divorce she  
was free, she would never marry again  
while her former husband lived; and  
with an abundance of money at his com-  
mand, he had not allowed a day to pass  
since Elvin Halstead went away from  
Mapleton, that he was not advised where  
he was and how he was conducting him-  
self. And by the accounts that Mr.  
Weston received, he was convinced that  
Halstead could not long continue the  
career of dissipation into which he had  
plunged, and live.

It is to be feared that Mr. Weston did  
not receive those accounts with such  
keen pains of regret for the failings of  
an erring brother, which as a Christian  
he should have felt; but, after all, Mr.  
Weston was but human. Neither did  
he report to Ethel what he heard; for  
he believed, though she would not have  
admitted it, that a lingering regard for  
one who heartlessly abused and deserted  
her, had moved her to not let him go  
into the world penniless; and Mr.  
Weston did not dare to tell her of what  
he knew of Elvin Halstead. He  
would, however, have found there was  
no danger in telling her, for she had  
aided her recent husband only that he  
might have an opportunity to reform.  
She was not so weak as to either love  
or pity him.

Mr. Elmesmere had been for some  
time endeavoring to find some excuse  
for proposing that Fred Atherton should  
go to Europe again, to be there in  
season to return with Mrs. Percy and Maud,  
and at the same time not let him  
suffer by being asked to go abroad for that  
purpose alone; and finally he wished  
for opportunity was found. Mr. Elmes-  
mere discovered that certain pieces  
of machinery, which he needed very much,  
could be obtained nowhere but in  
Germany. He also satisfied himself, with-  
out much trouble, that Atherton could  
obtain some very valuable information  
in regard to improvements that should  
be made in his own factory, by visiting  
England; and he found little difficulty  
in making Atherton think as he did;  
particularly when he said, as it were,  
together with a secondary consideration,  
that as the ladies had not yet any time  
to start for home, and as a stay of a few  
weeks longer could make no difference  
to them, they would probably be greatly  
pleased to wait until they could have  
his protection and the pleasure of his  
society on their voyage home.

Mr. Elmesmere, as he said when Elvin  
Halstead first spoke of his love for  
Maud, would not dictate to her in regard  
to whom she should marry; he was not  
at all anxious to part with his daughter;  
but he expected that she would be mar-  
ried to some one; he liked Fred Atherton  
very much; he knew that if she  
should marry Atherton, she would, in  
all probability, reside near him; and,  
though no matchmaker, he did not hesi-  
tate to adopt any innocent and proper  
means to let Maud know his wishes, and  
to give Atherton an opportunity to win  
her; for although Fred thought he had  
been very careful not to betray his feel-  
ings before her father, Mr. Elmesmere  
fully understood his sentiments in re-  
gard to her.

Maud received a letter from her father,  
informing her that he had induced Fred  
(the way used that familiar name in  
writing to her about Atherton) to go to  
Germany for him on some important  
business, and that, if it would be agree-

able to her and to Mrs. Percy, he would  
be pleased to act as their escort on their  
return. Maud was very much gratified  
to learn that she would have such an  
attentive and desirable protector in re-  
crossing the ocean, but that would not  
have entirely have filled her father's  
plans; for Mr. Elmesmere desired that  
she and her grandmother should go to  
Germany and England with Atherton;  
and Fred left Mapleton with the under-  
standing that he should unite as much  
of pleasure with business as he should  
desire and the ladies should wish; his  
own affairs having become so well estab-  
lished that he could safely leave them  
for a considerable time with his part-  
ners.

Fred Atherton met Maud in Paris,  
and he had every reason to be gratified  
by the way in which she received him;  
for she was not only very strongly pre-  
disposed in his favor, but she was de-  
lighted to see some one from home.  
She was also pleased with the plan her  
father had proposed, and of which she  
was first informed by Fred, that she and  
Mrs. Percy should accompany him on his  
travels. The only objection she made  
was that, perhaps it would be too  
much to ask of her grandmother; but  
Mrs. Percy, though well along in years,  
was more active than many ladies whom  
they met who were twenty years youn-  
ger, thought she saw Mr. Elmesmere's  
motive in throwing the young people  
together as much as possible, and not  
only expressed her willingness to accom-  
pany them, but said she should very  
much prefer to see more of Europe.

It was therefore settled that they  
should all leave for Germany, and after  
a week passed amid the gayeties of the  
French capital, which Maud acknowl-  
edged to herself she enjoyed much more  
from having Fred Atherton as an es-  
cort, they started on their journey. In  
Germany they remained a month, visit-  
ing all of the places of especial inter-  
est; and Maud found it so much more sat-  
isfactory to have a gentleman with them  
to direct and protect them than it was  
to travel with no one but her grand-  
mother for company and protection,  
that she said one day to Fred, very inno-  
cently:

"I wish I had known how much bet-  
ter I could enjoy myself by having you  
with us; I should have insisted upon  
your remaining with us before until we  
should be ready to return home."

Fred was altogether too modest to  
attach any other meaning to her words  
than, that by having a gentleman friend  
with them, they could visit many places  
which they could not have visited alone,  
and of many of which they would not have  
known but for him. In fact that was  
what Maud thought when she spoke;  
for she did not then realize that much  
of her pleasure was derived from the  
feeling that their tour was as much a  
source of enjoyment to him as to her.  
His reply showed how little he took what  
she said as applying exclusively to him.

"I am glad to be of any service to  
you, and shall do my best to repay you  
for your kindness in giving me the plea-  
sure of your society, on what would oth-  
erwise have been to me, a lonely and  
unpleasant journey. I wish, for your sake  
your father could have come."

(To be concluded in our next.)

**Whittings.**

—One of the magazines discusses  
Shakespeare's error in law. This should  
teach every prudent man about enter-  
ing on a law suit not to retain W. Shak-  
spere, esq., as his counsel. These poet  
chaps never did pan out worth a cent  
as lawyers.

—A Chinese translation of the Pen-  
tateuch is about to appear at Yeddo.

—A law against the defeacement of  
natural scenery ought to be applied to  
misguided women who bedaub their cheeks  
with rouge and powder.

—Concerts and lectures in private  
houses, says Madame Vera in the New  
York Sunday Times, are sometimes a  
cover for making money in a genteel  
way.

—The death of Elihu Burritt leaves  
the position of the Learned Blacksmith  
vacant. Where is the young blacksmith  
apprentice who has the ambition  
and industry to fill it.

—Out of a State prison population of  
29,197 throughout the United States,  
but 13,186 are employed in mechanical  
industries, earning an average of 40  
cents per day.

—Sweet meats—sugar cured hams.

—The new Colorado mining town,  
Leadville, has had its first murder.

—Chinese cheap labor has not, as yet,  
affected journalism in this country.  
One very desperate Hong Wau tried the  
business in San Francisco, but he starved  
to death in three weeks on a reporter's  
work and wages.

—Lord Clarendon has said he had  
no idea what a difficult country Zulu-  
land was till he got into it. It looks,  
indeed, like a miniature Afghanistan.

—A castor is like the year because it  
contains the four seasons.

—The Cleveland Voice makes this  
reply to a scientific inquirer: "You are  
wrong; trichine do not infect pig-iron;  
you can continue to eat the latter with  
impunity."

—During the ten years ended Decem-  
ber 31, 1878, no fewer than 1,159 per-  
sons were killed in London and 23,379  
maimed or injured by vehicles of vari-  
ous descriptions, the largest proportion  
of accidents being caused by light carts,  
which 213 persons lost their lives.

(A story of the operatives who produce the custom  
work, the white vests, and the inimitable ready-made  
clothing sold in the great saleroom down stairs—all  
that we are in a fair way to exceed the quantity  
assigned to us, and the remainder of our description  
must be presented in simple outline.)

The present structure extends through from No.  
400 Washington street to No. 81 Hawley street—a  
distance of 215 feet—at a uniform width of 50 feet.  
The two lower floors, which extend from street to  
street, without break or impediment, have each an  
area of more than one-fourth of an acre. All the  
apartments are heated by steam, the boilers for  
that purpose, as well as an engine for power, being  
located in the sub-basement. A natural spring of  
great capacity was unearthed during the excavation  
for a foundation, and furnishes the purest water for  
many purposes. The amount required for washing  
and damping fabric is so large, however, that the  
Cochituate has to be relied upon daily to supple-  
ment the supply from the spring. Many thousands  
of gallons are used every day. A spacious stair-  
way leads to the workshops from Hawley street.  
It is built entirely of iron, and in this, as in every  
other possible precaution in every story of the build-  
ing, we find that the spread of fire is guarded  
against with a vigilance that must insure safety.  
The shops alone have a large passenger eleva-  
tor at their disposal. What may be called the Au-  
thority in connection with the building, are never  
violated in this building. No workmen are per-  
mitted to enter through any door with repulsive  
features that offend the senses of sight and hearing  
and smell. Perfect ventilation secures pure air,  
and the machinery is so arranged that it does not  
interfere with the work. No public offices, in any  
better advantages in this respect. Very many fall  
far behind.

The number of operatives employed throughout  
the year is about five hundred. This is exclusive  
of salesmen and book-keepers. As a rule, they  
continue to work here as long as they remain  
in the business. This extended term of employ-  
ment gives opportunity for a thorough training  
in special departments of labor. In this way  
every employee becomes an expert at the specialty  
engaged in.

In its entirety, the house of MACULAR, WILLIAMS  
& PARKER meets with hearty appreciation  
from that observing class of the public whose  
interest in such matters is never questioned. It  
frees the demand for honest and reliable work-  
manship without the least deviation, and in  
this, as in all respects, is a model for other estab-  
lishments.

**OUR TEACHERS.**  
BY L. T. W.

Mr. Editor:—The subject of greatest  
interest to a large part of the public at  
present seems to be "teachers' salaries,"  
and the question whether teachers can  
live on less money than they now receive  
is the question of the hour, it being un-  
derstood that if they can live on less  
they must do so. There are two sides  
to every question, and as teachers are  
public servants, let us have their private  
affairs publicly discussed, by no means  
stopping to inquire why it should be of  
more interest to the public to know how  
the teachers spend their money, than to  
know how other employees of cities and  
towns spend theirs. We have been told  
in the daily papers just now, much more  
than we need, and we have heard that  
these estimates are extravagant. Depend  
upon it, but is that the point? Should  
not the question be, "Do teachers earn  
their salaries?" If they do not, dis-  
charge them; but if they do, why then,  
in the name of justice, pay them as you  
do other workmen, and let them, if they  
choose, waste their substance on four  
dresses and three pairs of boots a year.  
Whose business is it? Does anybody  
inquire, I wonder, how many suits of  
clothing Mr. ——— of the school board  
has, and what is the amount of his rail-  
road bill? How does it happen that peo-  
ple in general know so much about the  
teacher's work? Men and women who  
haven't spent two hours in the school-  
room since they left it as scholars, who  
gravelly discuss their duties, and  
phrasing her five hours of school, her  
idle Saturdays, her numerous holidays,  
and the long vacations, during which  
she revels at the mountains or seashore,  
"while her salary goes on." Truly,  
from their slaving, the teacher is the  
only true nabi!

In nobody understand the real work  
of the teacher? It is the happiest, best  
work in the world; fullest of rich experi-  
ence, but wearing, beyond expression,  
to the average young woman, sending  
many a one out of the ranks in middle  
life, broken in health, to live an invalid,  
perhaps, on the interest of the money  
saved from a salary of \$500. God pity  
her if she has not the resources of this  
city of five hours a day!" is simply false  
and unjust. No teacher worthy her  
name and trust is satisfied with spend-  
ing her five hours a day in school work.  
During a life spent thus far in the  
schoolroom I have become convinced  
that as a rule teachers are as faithful to  
their employers as are any class of work-  
men, and I know that almost without  
exception grammar school teachers in  
towns near Boston spend from seven to  
eight hours in their schoolrooms, and  
that to that number of outside work.  
But even this is not the main point.  
The true teacher's work cannot be mea-  
sured by hours. If, as some suppose, a  
teacher is employed for five hours a day  
to "teach lessons," and use the rattan on  
disobedient and idle pupils, locking her  
and her interest into her school-  
room at four o'clock, she is overpaid at  
any price; but if she is expected to give  
her time, thought and interest to her  
work, and is trained for her work at an ex-  
pense of time and money never taken  
into account, pay her what she is worth.  
And what is she worth? She goes into  
her schoolroom armed with more weap-  
ons than knight of old, with which she  
controls those restless minds and bodies,  
compelling them to march through the  
eyes, the charms of knowledge. She  
leads them calmly and pleasantly along  
their hilly path. She takes time to ac-  
quaint herself with each child's character,  
hopes and plans, making herself a part  
of every young life. She tries to be  
what she would have her pupils be,  
settling before them an example of faith-  
ful, honest performance of duty that  
shall tell on the men and women of the  
future. Does this work require no  
thought, no hours of study and plan-  
ning? This is the true teacher's work.  
Does she earn her salary? I cannot  
judge of the work of a carpenter, a rail-  
road official, or a politician, but I can  
estimate the teacher's work better than  
can those men. Should not our teach-  
ers' work be judged by competent per-  
sons, and be paid according to its value  
and no questions asked?—Mildred Mir-  
ror.







**SAMPLES FROM**  
**OAK HALL, BOSTON,**  
(The oldest and largest Clothing House in New England) can be obtained making copies. All that is necessary is to state if samples required are to represent Gentlemen, Youth, or Boys' garments. Also, if to be made from measure, or ready made.  
Spring Overcoats from \$3.75 and upwards are shown on sample cards, and the simplest rules for self-measure accompany each.  
In short, the material of the whole stock at Oak Hall can be examined at home as easily as in Boston. The system is original with Oak Hall, and everything is so clear and simple that any child can understand it.  
Customers ordered are in all cases sent with privilege of examination! To convince yourself of the correctness of these statements, send for a sample card for yourself or children! The 4th Special Sale of the 2d Special Sale. The 4th Special Sale will be ready April 26.  
**G. W. SIMMONS & SON,**  
BOSTON.

**Real Estate AT AUCTION!**

Will be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, on SATURDAY, APRIL 26, 1879, at one o'clock P. M., on the premises, a **TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE,** and about 14 1/2 ACRES OF LAND under and adjoining the same, belonging to the heirs of SAMUEL S. PLATT, deceased, and situate on Grant Street, EAST WEYMOUTH.  
The House is well built, is in good repair, and has a large lot of land, with a well stocked with fruit trees, and there is an excellent well of water on the premises. The property is well suited in a thriving village, on high ground, and near to schools, churches, and railroad.  
Terms \$100 at Sale. Balance in 10 days.  
For further particulars enquire on the premises, or of **C. W. S. NEWMAN, Auctioneer,**  
Weymouth, April 1, 1879.

**CLAPP'S HALL, WEYMOUTH LANDING.**

**THIS FINE NEW HALL,** being now completed, will be let for General Public Gatherings, such as **CONCERTS, LECTURES, SOCIABLES, FAIRS, &c., &c.**  
For terms, apply in person or by letter, to **DAVID SMITH, Junior,** Residence, Broad St., near the Hall.

**Old Corner Bull 1690.**

**Low Price Headquarters for 1879. SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS AT THE**  
**Old Corner Clothing House,** 24 and 25 Dock Square, BOSTON, MASS.

**SUIT and PANTALON SALE**

Of the past ten days has far exceeded our highest expectations. Never before have such LOW PRICES for these goods been offered in this city.  
And we are about in this great Low Price Race, and intend to keep the lead by giving our patrons **GOOD CLOTHING, WELL MADE,** FAR BELOW THE USUAL PRICES ASKED BY CLOTHING HOUSES GENERALLY. To be satisfied of the truthfulness of the above, CALL at the store and see the goods, which have stood the storm of competition for the past ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY YEARS.  
**24 and 25 Dock Square is the only OLD CORNER CLOTHING HOUSE IN BOSTON.**  
**GEO. W. WARREN.**

**TIRRELL & SONS, MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN**

**CARRIAGES**

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, Express and Milk Wagons, Double and Single Runner Express Sleighs, &c. REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS, TRIMMING, PAINTING, &c., DONE AT SHORT NOTICE AND AT REASONABLE RATES.  
**HARNESSES MADE TO ORDER,** also on hand, a fine assortment of ROBES, BLANKETS, WHIPS and other goods to be found in a carriage and harness establishment.  
Constantly on hand, consisting of BREWSTER, COMBINATION, BRITTON, and BIGGY PATENT, EXTENSION TOP and STANDING TOP CARRIAGES, EXPRESS WAGONS, &c.  
**No. 57 Hancock St., QUINCY, MASS.**

**Quincy Marble and Granite Works,** Established in 1854.

We respectfully call attention to the large collection of **ARTISTIC AND MONUMENTAL WORK** Now finished and ready for sale at this establishment, comprising new and beautiful designs of **TABLETS & MONUMENTS** Polished Quincy Granite and Italian Marble.

Everything in this stock (which can be seen and examined before purchasing) will be offered at greatly reduced prices, as we desire to reduce the amount on hand. Photographs of all the latest productions of art in this line are on hand, and original designs and works are being constantly produced, which the public are respectfully invited to inspect.  
**MCGRATH BROTHERS,** WORKS AND WAREHOUSE AT QUINCY ADAMS STATION, QUINCY, MASS., Quincy, March 1st.

**FRANK A. SPEAR, Merchant Tailor,**

**86 Hancock St., QUINCY, MASS.,** shows the LARGEST AND MOST VARIED ASSORTMENT OF **BOTH FOREIGN CLOTHS, DOMESTIC,** ever shown in Quincy or vicinity, at prices so low that all can afford to have their **CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER,** instead of buying Ready-Made.

**A FULL LINE OF GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,** CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

**CARPETS!**

Buy your Carpets direct of the Manufacturers, and save all intermediate profits.  
**J. & J. DOBSON,** The largest Manufacturers of Carpets in the United States, invite special attention to their **SPRING STOCK,** Comprising all the latest novelties in design and coloring. We are prepared to show the largest stock and assortment ever offered at retail in this country, consisting of **MOQUETTES, WILTONS, AXMINSTERS, VELVETS, BODY AND TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, &c.**

WE OFFER A SPECIAL LINE OF **ROYAL WILTONS, \$2.00; AXMINSTERS, \$1.50; BRUSSELS, \$1.25; TAPESTRY, 65 and 75c; KIDDERMINSTER, 75c; INGRAINS, 60c.** (Fully one dollar per yard less than their actual value.) These goods are all warranted, and as good as can be found in this or any other country.

**J. & J. DOBSON, 525 & 527 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.** (Opp. E. H. WHITE & CO.)  
Samples sent by mail upon the receipt of 10 cents for postage.

**D. B. Stetson**  
having purchased a LARGE STOCK OF **BOOTS AND SHOES**—AND—  
**SPRING and SUMMER WEAR.**  
is now prepared to sell you at **AT LOWER PRICES** than can be purchased at any other place.

**Read the Prices of some of the BARGAINS.**

Ladies' Kid (Gipsy) Button Boots, per pair, \$1.35.  
" Cloth Foxed Button Boots, per pair, \$1.00.  
" Kid Newtop Ties, 90c to \$1.00.  
" Slipper, 50c to \$1.00.  
Men's Buff Strap Shoes, per pair, \$1.00.  
" Galf Oxford Ties, " " \$1.00.  
**ALL OTHER GOODS AT VERY LOW PRICES.**  
Please give us a call and satisfy yourselves.

**D. B. STETSON,** Washington St., - QUINCY.

**CASH FUND April 1, 79. over \$367,000.**

**QUINCY MUTUAL Fire Insurance Co.**

Surplus Over Re-insurance, over \$162,000.  
Dividends paid on every expiring Policy: 50 per cent. on five years, 20 per cent. on three years, and 20 per cent. on all others.  
This Company pays for damage by Lightning.  
This Company writes only on the safer classes of property.  
AND EVERY LOSS PAID IN FULL.  
This Company has been in operation more than 25 years, and has paid over \$1,200,000 in losses, and over \$500,000 in Dividends to Policy holders.  
Tamel W. Munroe, President and Treasurer.  
Chas. A. Howland, Secretary.  
ELIAS RICHARDS, Agent for Weymouth.

**Marriages and Deaths.**

**MARRIED.**  
At East Weymouth, Feb. 29, by Rev. J. F. Fittou, Charles E. Kiehl, of North Weymouth, to Sarah E. Collins, of Boston.

**DIED.**  
At East Weymouth, April 12, Isaac Reed, aged 84 yrs. 9 mos. 24 days.  
At East Weymouth, April 14, Almira, wife of Capt. H. J. Reed, aged 82 yrs. 4 mos. 2 days.  
At Weymouth, April 16, Asa F. Trufant, aged 33 yrs. 1 mo. 24 days.

**Dramatic Readings and RECITATIONS**

**Mrs. Florence T. Hunt,** assisted by **MRS. C. G. THOMPSON and MISS EMMA CLAPP, PIANISTS,** At Clapp's Hall, WEYMOUTH, Wednesday Evening, April 23, 1879, at 7.45 o'clock.

**ADMISSION, 25 Cts.**

It is hereby announced that the Entertainment on Wednesday Evening, the 23rd inst., at Clapp's Hall, Weymouth, will be given by **MRS. FLORENCE T. HUNT, assisted by MRS. C. G. THOMPSON and MISS EMMA CLAPP, PIANISTS.**

**AUCTION!**

At LOVELL'S CORNER in Weymouth, by order of the HEIR AT LAW, PRATT, deceased, will be sold at Public Auction, on SATURDAY, April 26, 1879, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, the following **REAL ESTATE.**

The House Lot of said deceased, with House, Barn, and buildings thereon, situated on Pleasant Street. The house lot contains about one acre, with an apple orchard, and a well, and is a very desirable place of residence.

**PERSONAL PROPERTY.**

At the same place and time, and immediately after the sale of Real Estate, the following Personal Property, to-wit: One new Milk Cow, with Heifer Calf 4 weeks old, about two cows, together with the accessories of a dairy, and other household and kitchen goods, and other articles of value.

**TOWN OF WEYMOUTH. COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.**

THE owners and occupants of the following described parcels of Real Estate, situated in the Town of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, are hereby notified that the taxes thereon for the year 1878, and for the year hereinafter specified, according to the list of taxes for the year 1878 and 1879, are due and payable to the Collector of Taxes for the Town of Weymouth, at the office of the Collector, at the Town Hall, in Weymouth, on or before the 1st day of May, 1879.

Also, at the same time and place, for the year 1878, and for the year hereinafter specified, according to the list of taxes for the year 1878 and 1879, are due and payable to the Collector of Taxes for the Town of Weymouth, at the office of the Collector, at the Town Hall, in Weymouth, on or before the 1st day of May, 1879.

Also, at the same time and place, for the year 1878, and for the year hereinafter specified, according to the list of taxes for the year 1878 and 1879, are due and payable to the Collector of Taxes for the Town of Weymouth, at the office of the Collector, at the Town Hall, in Weymouth, on or before the 1st day of May, 1879.

Also, at the same time and place, for the year 1878, and for the year hereinafter specified, according to the list of taxes for the year 1878 and 1879, are due and payable to the Collector of Taxes for the Town of Weymouth, at the office of the Collector, at the Town Hall, in Weymouth, on or before the 1st day of May, 1879.

Also, at the same time and place, for the year 1878, and for the year hereinafter specified, according to the list of taxes for the year 1878 and 1879, are due and payable to the Collector of Taxes for the Town of Weymouth, at the office of the Collector, at the Town Hall, in Weymouth, on or before the 1st day of May, 1879.

Also, at the same time and place, for the year 1878, and for the year hereinafter specified, according to the list of taxes for the year 1878 and 1879, are due and payable to the Collector of Taxes for the Town of Weymouth, at the office of the Collector, at the Town Hall, in Weymouth, on or before the 1st day of May, 1879.

Also, at the same time and place, for the year 1878, and for the year hereinafter specified, according to the list of taxes for the year 1878 and 1879, are due and payable to the Collector of Taxes for the Town of Weymouth, at the office of the Collector, at the Town Hall, in Weymouth, on or before the 1st day of May, 1879.

Also, at the same time and place, for the year 1878, and for the year hereinafter specified, according to the list of taxes for the year 1878 and 1879, are due and payable to the Collector of Taxes for the Town of Weymouth, at the office of the Collector, at the Town Hall, in Weymouth, on or before the 1st day of May, 1879.

Also, at the same time and place, for the year 1878, and for the year hereinafter specified, according to the list of taxes for the year 1878 and 1879, are due and payable to the Collector of Taxes for the Town of Weymouth, at the office of the Collector, at the Town Hall, in Weymouth, on or before the 1st day of May, 1879.

Also, at the same time and place, for the year 1878, and for the year hereinafter specified, according to the list of taxes for the year 1878 and 1879, are due and payable to the Collector of Taxes for the Town of Weymouth, at the office of the Collector, at the Town Hall, in Weymouth, on or before the 1st day of May, 1879.

Also, at the same time and place, for the year 1878, and for the year hereinafter specified, according to the list of taxes for the year 1878 and 1879, are due and payable to the Collector of Taxes for the Town of Weymouth, at the office of the Collector, at the Town Hall, in Weymouth, on or before the 1st day of May, 1879.

Also, at the same time and place, for the year 1878, and for the year hereinafter specified, according to the list of taxes for the year 1878 and 1879, are due and payable to the Collector of Taxes for the Town of Weymouth, at the office of the Collector, at the Town Hall, in Weymouth, on or before the 1st day of May, 1879.

Also, at the same time and place, for the year 1878, and for the year hereinafter specified, according to the list of taxes for the year 1878 and 1879, are due and payable to the Collector of Taxes for the Town of Weymouth, at the office of the Collector, at the Town Hall, in Weymouth, on or before the 1st day of May, 1879.

Also, at the same time and place, for the year 1878, and for the year hereinafter specified, according to the list of taxes for the year 1878 and 1879, are due and payable to the Collector of Taxes for the Town of Weymouth, at the office of the Collector, at the Town Hall, in Weymouth, on or before the 1st day of May, 1879.

Also, at the same time and place, for the year 1878, and for the year hereinafter specified, according to the list of taxes for the year 1878 and 1879, are due and payable to the Collector of Taxes for the Town of Weymouth, at the office of the Collector, at the Town Hall, in Weymouth, on or before the 1st day of May, 1879.

**The Weymouth Gazette.**  
PUBLISHED AT  
Two Dollars per copy, in advance Two Dollars and a Half at the expiration of the year.  
OFFICE, WASHINGTON SQUARE, WEYMOUTH, MASS.  
C. G. EASTERBROOK, EDITOR.  
READING NOTICES INSERVED AT TEN CENTS A LINE.  
PAMPHLET WORK EXECUTED IN A SUPERIOR MANNER AT THIS OFFICE.

**BRAINTREE DEPARTMENT.**

**Easter Sunday** was not specially observed in First Church. An agent of the Massachusetts Bible Society preached an excellent discourse in the morning, from the text found in Matt. 13, 33. The Kingdom of Heaven is like unto heaven, which a woman took and hid in three measures of meal, till the whole was leavened. The discourse was so little like a usual appeal for aid that it was not for a substantial reminder in the shape of contribution boxes before the benediction.

In the afternoon, the pastor preached a sermon on the resurrection. The S. S. Concert was held in the evening in Lyceum Hall. Subject "No Cross No Crown." The exercises were opened with congregational singing, reading the Scriptures, and prayer by the pastor. A sacred song by male quartette, composed of Messrs. John Arnold, Dr. T. H. Deering, Edward Hayward and Alden Belcher, was followed by the report of the secretary, Mr. W. F. Locke. This was most encouraging reference for the month of April, the collection for the month amounted to \$10.00. The best report yet. Recitations by the infant school followed, and a reading by Mrs. Holbrook, "The Lesson." The general exercise for the school, recitations of Scripture on the subject was then taken up and it was interspersed with readings by Charles Lane, Little Rowell, Lotie Lane, Helen Keith and Marcia Keith, and singing by the school, by the male quartette above mentioned and by a class of boys. The exercises were concluded with a reading "Rabboni" M. J. Preston, by Mrs. Holbrook, and interesting and appropriate closing remarks by the pastor.

A beautiful basket of flowers, a gift from Mrs. E. P. Allen's greenhouse was the communion table in church and on the superintendent desk in the evening.

At the Methodist church the double interest of an Easter sermon and a farewell from Rev. E. M. Taylor, filled the house to overflowing. The pulpit was beautifully decorated with flowers. The pastor who has so endeared himself to this people, in his last sermon made no allusion to his leaving them but dwelt upon resurrection themes. At the evening service however, he spoke of his pleasant connection with the society and the blessings with which God had crowned his labors among them. He did not know, he said, where his future lay, but in all hours of sorrow or trial he would remember, and he wished his people to, that source of comfort, "Thou wilt keep him in perfect peace whose mind is stayed on Thee." M. Taylor's connection with this people has been most happy, and productive of the most beneficial results. The society has largely increased, the church has been repaired and many souls have found the light of the glorious gospel of reconciliation, who once were in spiritual darkness. May his efforts be blessed wherever he may go, and that the God of Peace may keep him in perfect peace, is a prayer that will go up from many hearts, who while they bid him God speed, are at a loss to know who will fill his place.

Parsonage Association had a pleasant meeting last Wednesday evening, with Mr. and Mrs. N. F. Thayer. The singing by Mr. Thayer and gentlemen friends from the city, added no little to the enjoyment of the evening.

The quarterly sale of this association was held in Lyceum Hall, Friday evening. The attractions were an oyster supper, a walking match; we didn't get the names of all the young men but we believe a young collegiate carried off the honors. The evening was spent very socially. The net proceeds were some \$15.00.

Parsonage Association meets at Dr. Deering's next Monday night.

Gen. John L. Swift, gave the people in the regular Tuesday evening prayer meeting in Lyceum Hall, a familiar talk on the glorious theme of the gospel of reconciliation, which he said is the legacy to the world contained in the New Testament. Those who have heard him upon the platform can attest to his persuasive eloquence upon subjects of general interest, and to hear him speak upon a theme which is truly a part of himself, he is very life, is a rare treat, particularly to those who feel with him upon this important subject. There was not so full a gathering as usual on account of the rain, but those who attended the meeting were well repaid.

**EAST BRAINTREE.**  
A serious disturbance of the peace occurred on Commercial St. near the corner of Union, on Thursday morning. It is ascertained that the disturbance was caused by a quarrel between the participants being more or less under the influence of liquor and for two or three hours night was made hideous and to those living in the vicinity sleep was impossible. These things are becoming much too common, since the action of the town, at the annual meeting in refusing the village the services of a night police, which has previously enjoyed for a year or two. Several of the police officers, especially in the evening, were called upon to proceed to the scene to quell the row, but all refused to leave their comfortable quarters, and so it went on until the parties became satisfied and left. One man complains that he was knocked down and robbed of what money he had with him, and that his hat was stolen, and an old cap, much worn, left in its place.

The machinery at the Boston Flax Mills, is rapidly being removed to Ludlow. Many of the hands who have been employed there are now either idle or have left for other fields of labor.

On Sunday last, Mrs. Angie Davis Hall again addressed the Spiritualists in Union Engine Hall, with her usualunction and force, the subject being selected by the audience. In the afternoon, upon "The world, its past, present and future," in which she showed clearly that from the beginning the world had been a series of continuous progress, especially in the religious department, and that the development of so called "modern spiritualism" when rightly viewed and understood, was only one of the natural developments of that progression. In the evening, her subject was "Religion, what is and what should be its effect upon individual character." This lecture should have been heard to have been appreciated, for no report of mine can do justice to its clearness and faithful delineation of what its practical effect should be and is, when rightly considered.

On Sunday next, Mrs. Sarah Byrnes Snow is to speak in Union Engine Hall both afternoon and evening, a collection to be taken up in the afternoon, and an admission fee of ten cents will be charged in the evening.

The First Universalist Society, of Weymouth, announce, Friday evening, April 26th, 1879, for their Annual Social Hop, at Lincoln Hall, Weymouth, instead of May 1st, as usual.

**Death.** Asa F. Trufant, well known as a watchmaker and jeweler at the Landing, died last Wednesday of paralysis. His funeral took place to-day, and the stores in the Square were closed as a mark of respect to his memory as a faithful and exemplary citizen.

**Concert.** Arrangements have been made for a concert, complimentary to the Imperial Quartette, to be given in the M. E. vestry, next Wednesday evening. Their performance in the Lyceum Hall Monday evening, was of a high order of merit, the instrumentalization of the Quartette being ably supported by the talented vocalists mentioned last week, and as the members of the Quartette have generously contributed their services to various charities, it is just that the public should extend to them, at this concert, an overflowing appreciation of their past services. Want of space prevents an extended notice of last Monday evening's concert, but the general verdict is that it was one of the best ever given here.

**TAYLOR'S BEST FLOUR.**  
Everybody buys it.  
CORN, RATES & YEUXIA, 688, 688, 690 & 692 Washington St., Boston, have sold two hundred thousand bushels of this flour, and it gives the most universal satisfaction of any flour they have ever sold.

It makes better bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

It is much sweeter, will not dry up like many higher priced flours.

It works EASY, and any Cook can make good bread. Bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

It is much sweeter, will not dry up like many higher priced flours.

It works EASY, and any Cook can make good bread. Bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

It is much sweeter, will not dry up like many higher priced flours.

It works EASY, and any Cook can make good bread. Bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

It is much sweeter, will not dry up like many higher priced flours.

It works EASY, and any Cook can make good bread. Bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

It is much sweeter, will not dry up like many higher priced flours.

It works EASY, and any Cook can make good bread. Bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

It is much sweeter, will not dry up like many higher priced flours.

It works EASY, and any Cook can make good bread. Bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

It is much sweeter, will not dry up like many higher priced flours.

It works EASY, and any Cook can make good bread. Bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

It is much sweeter, will not dry up like many higher priced flours.

It works EASY, and any Cook can make good bread. Bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

It is much sweeter, will not dry up like many higher priced flours.

It works EASY, and any Cook can make good bread. Bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

It is much sweeter, will not dry up like many higher priced flours.

It works EASY, and any Cook can make good bread. Bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

It is much sweeter, will not dry up like many higher priced flours.

It works EASY, and any Cook can make good bread. Bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

It is much sweeter, will not dry up like many higher priced flours.

It works EASY, and any Cook can make good bread. Bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

It is much sweeter, will not dry up like many higher priced flours.

It works EASY, and any Cook can make good bread. Bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

It is much sweeter, will not dry up like many higher priced flours.

It works EASY, and any Cook can make good bread. Bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

It is much sweeter, will not dry up like many higher priced flours.

It works EASY, and any Cook can make good bread. Bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

It is much sweeter, will not dry up like many higher priced flours.

It works EASY, and any Cook can make good bread. Bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

It is much sweeter, will not dry up like many higher priced flours.

It works EASY, and any Cook can make good bread. Bread and more of it than any other flour that can be bought at anywhere near this Low Price.

**F. M. DROWN,**  
—DEALER IN—  
**PLAIN FAMILY GROCERIES,**  
**TOBACCO AND CIGARS,**  
(TERMS CASH.)  
**LITTLE STORE IN THE CORNER.**

All orders promptly attended to, and goods delivered free of charge.

**J. L. BECK, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.**  
Horton St., East Weymouth, Mass.  
Formerly Boston Highlands.  
References: Dr. David Thayer, Boston.  
Dr. H. W. Eldridge, East Weymouth.  
East Weymouth, April 1, 1879.

**FOR SALE.**  
ONE FARM WAGON, one three spring EXPRESS WAGON, one carry 1,200 lbs. load, custom work. Will sell cheaply for cash.  
GEO. W. COVANT, South Weymouth.

**ELOCUTION!**  
**MISS ELSIE RUSSELL,** TEACHER OF ELOCUTION in the Normal Academy of Weymouth, at her residence, **HANCOCK ST., - QUINCY.**  
Special attention given to imperfect speakers. Terms moderate.

**REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF First National Bank of So. Weymouth, at WEYMOUTH, IN THE STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS, at the close of Business April 14th, 1879.**

**RESOURCES.**  
Loans and Discounts, \$155,540.00  
U. S. Bonds on hand, 100,000.00  
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages, 20,000.00  
Due from Approved Reserve Agents, 28,443.97  
Pendable Interest and Estates, 5,000.00  
Checks and other cash items, 1,257.57  
Bills of other Banks, 18.88  
Fractional Currency (including Nickels), 3,550.00  
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer, 6,750.00  
Total, \$301,015.15

**LIABILITIES.**  
Capital Stock paid up, \$150,000.00  
Surplus Fund, 20,000.00  
Undivided Profits, 8,257.27  
National Bank Notes outstanding, 132,100.00  
Pendable Interest and Estates, 5,000.00  
Individual Deposits, subject to check, 67,252.88  
Demand Certificates of Deposit, 2,415.00  
Total, \$301,015.15

**State of Massachusetts, S. S. County of Norfolk.**  
J. L. BECK, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

**J. H. STETSON, Acting Cashier.** Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of April, 1879.  
**JOSEPH DYER, Justice of the Peace.** Correct—Attest.

**REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Union National Bank of Weymouth, at WEYMOUTH, IN THE STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS, at the close of Business April 14th, 1879.**

**RESOURCES.**  
Loans and Discounts, \$155,540.00  
U. S. Bonds on hand, 100,000.00  
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages, 20,000.00  
Due from Approved Reserve Agents, 28,443.97  
Pendable Interest and Estates, 5,000.00  
Checks and other cash items, 1,257.57  
Bills of other Banks, 18.88  
Fractional Currency (including Nickels), 3,550.00  
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer, 6,750.00  
Total, \$301,015.15

**LIABILITIES.**  
Capital Stock paid up, \$150,000.00  
Surplus Fund, 20,000.00  
Undivided Profits, 8,257.27  
National Bank Notes outstanding, 132,100.00  
Pendable Interest and Estates, 5,000.00  
Individual Deposits, subject to check, 67,252.88  
Demand Certificates of Deposit, 2,415.00  
Total, \$301,015.15

**State of Massachusetts, S. S. County of Norfolk.**  
J. L. BECK, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

**J. H. STETSON, Acting Cashier.** Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of April, 1879.  
**JOSEPH DYER, Justice of the Peace.** Correct—Attest.

**REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Union National Bank of Weymouth, at WEYMOUTH, IN THE STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS, at the close of Business April 14th, 1879.**

**RESOURCES.**  
Loans and Discounts, \$155,540.00  
U. S. Bonds on hand, 100,000.00  
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages, 20,000.00  
Due from Approved Reserve Agents, 28,443.97  
Pendable Interest and Estates, 5,0







servant of his named John, (which by the way I suppose was an Irishman as the Deacon mentions Irish John in his Book) with full power to receive his Portion. John accordingly set out and received the Legacy, as appeared by letters to the Deacon from his Brethren in Old-England; but John never saw fit to return to give an account of himself, or how he disposed of the money.

Notwithstanding this loss it appears that the Deacon acquired considerable fortune, for by a copy of his Inventory which I have by me dated November 17, 1676, it said the Estate amounted to £2108. 14s. 6d. lawful money.

1. Thomas Dyer was born in Old-England in the year 1612. He died Nov. 8. 1674.

Agnes Reed. She died Dec. 4, 1867.  
They had  
I. Mary, born July 8, 1641; m. Mr. Samuel White of Weymouth. They had no children.  
II. John, born July 12, 1643; settled in the town of Boston. He left a posterity there. (m. Mary Bicknell, d. of John and Mary, about 1670. She was b. about 1655. Had a son John b. Feb. 29, 1671. Weymouth Record.)  
III. Thomas, born March 20, 1645; died young.

v. Kozani, born July 9, 1647; m.  
Jacob Nash of Weymouth. Many  
of the Nashes in Weymouth are her  
Posterity.

v. Sarah, born March 10, 1649; m.  
John Ruggles of Roxbury; 'tis said she  
had but one child and that a son.

vi. Thomas, born March 5, 1651,  
settled in Plymouth; left a posterity  
there.

vii. Joseph, ) twins,  
viii. Benjamin, ) born, Nov. 6, 1653;  
settled in Boston, left a Posterity there.

2. Joseph, (Thomas's) whose line I  
shall bring down, again, 1/2

1. Hannah, born, Feb. 22, 1677; died young.  
 2. Elizabeth, born, March 30, 1680;  
 3. Alexander Lovell of Medfield, and left children.  
 4. Hannah, born, Oct. 10, 1682; d. Dec. 1682. Hannah the mother, died, Oct. 27, 1682. Dea. Joseph, m. (2) 1683, Hannah Baxter of Brintree.

iv. Hannah, born, Feb. 13, 1684; m. Mr. David Carver and settled in the Connecticut Colony. She left children.

v. Joseph, born, June 19, 1686; died young.

3. vi. Benjamin, born, April 13, 1688. d. Feb. 12, 1774.

iv. Mary, born, April 12, 1690; d. Oct. 24, 1691 or 7.)

viii. John, born, April 9, 1692; settled in the Town of Canterbury in Connecticut Colony; he had a large family of children; was a Colonel of a Regiment of the

settled in the Town of Windham in  
 Connecticut Colony. He left one son  
 named Eliphalet and several Daughters,  
 Eliphalet was a Judge of the Superior  
 Court, and his Father a Colonel of a  
 Regiment there.  
 x. Mary, born, October 30, 1692;  
 died young.  
 xi. Ebenezer, born, July 7, 1698;  
 died young.  
 xii. Samuel, born, May 15, 1699;  
 died young.

xiii. Mehitabel, born, June 1, 1700; never married.

xiv. Sarah, born, Sept. 19, 1702; m. Dr. David Moore of Natick; and left a posterity there.

Dea. Joseph, d. Oct. 12, 1704; and Hannah the mother Sept. 19, 1726.

v. Benjamin<sup>1</sup> (Joseph<sup>2</sup>, Joseph<sup>3</sup>) whose lineage I shall bring down; Settled on his father's Place in Weymouth, Te m. Sarah Sawyer of Hingham. He was a Justice of the peace.

i. Joseph, born, Aug. 8, 1711; m. Feb. 13, 1737) Jerusha Gulliver, of

iii. Hannah, born, Feb. 20, 1714; m. John White of Weymouth and was mother of the compiler, (n. Jan. 23, 1735).

iv. Sarah, born, Oct. 30, 1716; died young.

v. Mary, born, April 8, 1719; m. (n. 1748, 1741) Mr. David Rawson of Milton, and had nine children: She d.

lar 19, 1784.

v. Sarah, born, Feb. 11, 1723; died young.

vi. Sarah, born, July 7, 1728; m. Mr. Abraham Fuller of Newton. She had one child and died at a daughter who is Mr. William Hull from Connecticut who settled in Newton. She d. March 7, 1803.

vii. Sarah the mother died Oct. 12, 1773, and Benjamin the father Feb. 12, 1774.

viii. April 12, 1774. This day the House of my Grandfather Benjamin Dyer with the buildings on the same was sold to Mr. Samuel Humphrey. It had continued in the name and family for more than 130 years, namely through the lives

NOTE—The above mentioned premises were situated on the old road leading to Hingham, directly across the field, front of the present building, and fronting the Dr. Gordon house, on the opposite side of the street, now owned and occupied by Mr. Esqr. The old house was burned down some thirty or forty years ago. Henry Cushing, who married a daughter of the now named Saml Humphrey, brother of Major John Humphrey, Esqr. Cushing rebuilt the same spot, and lived there with his family. It is now occupied by the Elliots.

The above paper was read at the meeting of the Historical Society on the evening of April 12, by Gilbert Nash, Esqr., who has in his possession other manuscripts and books once

owned by Col. Asa White, which will be prepared for the Society from time to time.











